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Math 12 Applications
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TVM Solver Part 2

Name: _		
Block:		

1. Use the TVM Solver to determine the following times: (Answer in years)

a) How long will it take an investment of \$100 paid each month to reach \$5000 at 6.5% p.a. compounded monthly?
b) How long will it take an investment of \$35 paid each month at 6.5% p.a. compounded monthly to reach \$5000.
c) How long will it take an investment of \$500 paid each month at 6 % p.a. compounded monthly to reach \$1 000 000?

a)	N =	FV =	b)	N =	FV =
	=	PY =		=	PY =
	PV =	CY =		PV =	CY =
	PMT =	BEGIN		PMT =	BEGIN
c)	N =	FV =			
	=	PY =			
	PV =	CY =			
	PMT =	BEGIN			

2. Use the TVM Solver to find the future value for the following:

a) A bank offers an interest rate of 10% p.a. compounded semi-annually. How much will you have if you invest \$2400 at the end of each year for three years?

b) A bank offers an interest rate of 5.7% p.a. compounded quarterly. How much will you have if you invest \$500 invested at the start of each quarter for two years?

c) A bank offers an interest rate of 6.8% p.a. compounded semi-annually. How much will you have if you invest\$ 100 every month for ten years?

d) How much will you have if you invest \$200 every month at an interest rate of 8% p.a. compounded monthly for 20 years?

a)	N =	FV =	b)	N =	FV =
	=	PY =		=	PY =
	PV =	CY =		PV =	CY =
	PMT =	BEGIN		PMT =	BEGIN
c)	N =	FV =	d)	N =	FV =
	=	PY =		=	PY =
	PV =	CY =		PV =	CY =
	PMT =	BEGIN		PMT =	BEGIN

3. Use the TVM Solver to determine:

a) When you are born, your parents invest \$50 a month at 6.8% p.a. compounded monthly in a non-taxable Registered Education Savings Plan for your college education. How much will be accumulated by the time you reach 18?
b) When you are born, your parents invest \$2 a day in an RRSP at 8% p.a. compounded daily for you. How old will you be when you have \$10 000?

N =	FV =	b)	N =	FV =
=	PY =		=	PY =
PV =	CY =		PV =	CY =
PMT =	BEGIN		PMT =	BEGIN
	N = I = PV = PMT =	N = FV = I = PY = PV = CY = PMT = BEGIN	N = FV = b) I = PY = PV = CY = PMT = BEGIN	N = FV = b) N = I = PY = I = PV = CY = PV = PMT = BEGIN PMT =

4. Use the TVM solver to determine:

- a) How much you would need to pay at the end of each month @ 7% p.a. compounded semi-annually to save \$10 000 in 10 years?
- b) How much you would need to pay at the start of each month @ 8% p.a. compounded annually to save \$5 000 in 5 years?
- c) How much you would need to pay at the beginning of each month @ 9% p.a. compounded monthly to save \$10 000 in 6 years?
- d) How much you would need to pay at the end of each year @ 7.5% p.a. compounded semi-annually to save \$10 000 in 4 years?

a)	N =	FV =	b)	N =	FV =
	=	PY =		=	PY =
	PV =	CY =		PV =	CY =
	PMT =	BEGIN		PMT =	BEGIN
c)	N =	FV =	d)	N =	FV =
	=	PY =		=	PY =
	PV =	CY =		PV =	CY =
	PMT =	BEGIN		PMT =	BEGIN

- 5. Use the TVM Solver to determine the final amount and interest.
 - a) An investment of \$300 paid each month @ 5% p.a. compounded semi-annually for 3 years
 - b) An investment of \$100 paid each month @ 7.5% p.a. compounded quarterly for 5 years
 - c) An investment of \$250 paid each month @ 8% p.a. compounded monthly for 2 years
 - d) An investment of \$200 paid quarterly @ 6% p.a. compounded semi-annually for 3 years
 - e) An investment of \$200 paid each month @ 4.5% p.a. compounded semi-annually for 2 years
 - f) An investment of \$300 paid semi-annually @ 7.6% p.a. compounded semi-annually for 6 years

a)	N = I = PV = PMT =	FV = PY = CY = BEGIN	b)	N = I = PV = PMT =	FV = PY = CY = BEGIN
c)	N = I = PV = PMT =	FV = PY = CY = BEGIN	d)	N = I = PV = PMT =	FV = PY = CY = BEGIN
e)	N = I = PV = PMT =	FV = PY = CY = BEGIN	f)	N = I = PV = PMT =	FV = PY = CY = BEGIN

Answers:	1. a) 3.68 years b) 8.80 ye 2. a) \$8779.44 b) \$4265.2 3. a) \$21199.17 b) 9 yrs, 3	ars c) 40 yrs 1 c) \$17126.07 d) \$1185 5 months	89.44		
	4. a) \$57.76 b) \$68.11 5. a) \$11 665.03, \$856.03 e) \$5029.40, \$229.40	c) \$104.47 d) \$2073 b) \$7288.97, \$1288.97 f) \$4625.71, \$1025.71	2.67 c) \$6526.52, \$526.52	d) \$2645.44 <i>,</i> \$245.44	